

Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

Page 1 of 2

Log Event A

Borehole 21-27-10

Borehole Information

Farm: \underline{BX} Tank: $\underline{BX-102}$ Site Number: $\underline{299-\underline{E33-132}}$

N-Coord: 45,524 **W-Coord**: 53,183 **TOC** Elevation: 655.40

Water Level, ft : Date Drilled : 5/31/1970

Casing Record

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: 6

Top Depth, ft. : $\underline{0}$ Bottom Depth, ft. : $\underline{150}$

Borehole Notes:

According to the driller's log, this borehole was drilled in May 1970 to a depth of 150 ft using 6-in. casing. A starter casing of unknown dimensions was installed to a depth of about 20 ft; it is unknown whether the starter casing was removed. The drilling report does not indicate the borehole casing was perforated or grouted. The casing thickness is presumed to be 0.280 in., on the basis of the published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. steel tubing. The top of the casing, which is the zero reference for the SGLS, is approximately 0.5 ft below the ground surface.

Equipment Information

 Logging System :
 1B
 Detector Type :
 HPGe
 Detector Efficiency:
 35.0 %

 Calibration Date : 02/1997
 Calibration Reference :
 GJO-HAN-13
 Logging Procedure : P-GJPO-1783

Log Run Information

Log Run Number: 1 Log Run Date: 06/25/1997 Logging Engineer: Alan Pearson

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{148.5}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{67.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$

Log Run Number: 2 Log Run Date: 06/26/1997 Logging Engineer: Alan Pearson

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{68.0}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{0.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$



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Page 2 of 2

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Analysis Information

Analyst: S.D. Barry

Data Processing Reference : MAC-VZCP 1.7.9 Analysis Date : 07/08/1997

Analysis Notes:

This borehole was logged by the SGLS in two log runs. The pre- and post-survey field verification spectra met the acceptance criteria established for the peak shape and detector efficiency, confirming that the SGLS was operating within specifications. The energy calibration and peak-shape calibration from these spectra were used to establish the channel-to-energy parameters used in processing the spectra acquired during the logging operation.

Casing correction factors for a 0.280-in.-thick steel casing were applied during analysis.

The man-made radionuclides Cs-137, Sb-125, and processed uranium were detected in this borehole. The presence of Cs-137 was measured continuously from the ground surface to the bottom of the logged interval (148.5 ft). Sb-125 contamination was measured from 84 to 84.5 ft. Processed uranium was detected intermittently from 88.5 to 105 ft, continuously from 105 to 118 ft, and continuously from 122 to 136 ft.

The K-40 and Th-232 concentration values increase at about 34 ft.

Additional information and interpretations of log data are included in the main body of the Tank Summary Data Report for tank BX-102.

Log Plot Notes:

Separate log plots show the man-made and the naturally occurring radionuclides. The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gamma rays used to calculate the concentrations.

Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the MDL. The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.

A combination plot includes the man-made, natural radionuclides and the total gamma derived from the spectral data.